# **Common Core Planning for Content & Practice**

Preparing Los Angeles Students for College and Career





- Plan a Common Core aligned problem-based lesson using John Van de Walle's Three-Phase Structure
  - Teachers will be expected to facilitate (at least) one problem-based lesson a week during the 2013-14 school year
- Identify strategies that meet the needs of our diverse learners: English learners (EL), Standard English learners (SEL), Students with Disabilities (SWD), and students identified as Gifted and Talented (GATE)
- Make connections between the Common Core Standards for Mathematical Practice and the enVisionMATH program





## **Three-Phase Structure**





- Activate prior knowledge
- Review vocabulary
- Pose the problem
- Ensure that students understand the task





- Let go!
- Circulate as students independently work in pairs or groups
- Ask questions to focus, assess, and advance student thinking
- Decide which solutions will be selected for sharing





- Facilitate the sharing of two or more solution paths
- Order selected solutions to help generate a mathematically productive discussion
- Facilitate a student-centered discussion so that students:
  - Develop an understanding of the concept
  - Add on to and question solutions shared
  - Make connections between the solutions presented
  - Find generalized characteristics within the problem
- Summarize the main idea and identify next steps, future problems





As a grade level team, select one task for planning purposes.



Pose the Problem Four friends want to share 3 submarine sandwiches. How much of a sandwich will each friend get? Use the paper strips. Work in pairs to model this problem. Write an explanation of how you solved the problem as well as the solution. Give students time to work. Then have them share their work and solutions with the class.



- Evaluate the rigor of the task using the Task Analysis Guide.
- Modify the task as needed.
- Record the agreed upon task on the planning sheet.



Problem

**Pose the** Four friends want to share 3 submarine sandwiches. How much of a sandwich will each friend get? Use the caper strips. Work in pairs to model this problem. Write an explanation of how you solved the problem as well as the solution. Give students time to work. Then have them share their work and solutions with the class.



There is no decision that teachers make that has a greater impact on students' opportunities to learn and on their perceptions about what mathematics is than the selection or creation of the tasks with which the teacher engages students in studying mathematics.

- Lappan & Briars, 1995





- Review the math goals and suggestions for activating prior knowledge.
- What might you add to meet the needs of our diverse learners (EL, SEL, SWD, At-Risk, GATE)?
- Record ideas on the Interactive Learning handout











Grade Level Discussion:

- What misconceptions might students have?
- What errors might students make?
- Which three student solution paths might be shared during the After phase? Why?
  - Number them sequentially and record a rationale.





0-15 min	Intera	ctive	Lear	nin	0						
Overview	Students w	Takent Management Division Supporting All Employees									
6 Essential Question	How can y	Revised Lesson Design Template State Annual Control Co									
alifornia Content Standard NS 1.5	Explain dif	dif Class Profile									
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Materials	Scissors, se				Class	Composition	(Record in	number			
		Male:	FBB:	Basic:	Adv:	SWD:	Languag	e Profic	s) tiency Levels:		
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	Connect into parts.	text.	enter text.	to enter text.	enter text.	enter text.	text.				
		Instructional Goals and Objectives									
		Standards (1a EI.1): What standard(s) or portion of a standard does your lesson address?									
Problem	sandwich	Click here to enter text.									
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	work and :	knowledge that you want students to learn? What do you want students to under earlier to do in relation to the standard(s)?									
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Small-Group	Write on the	Laviamed i									
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Common Core Teaching & Learning Framework

**Master Plan** 

Lesson Design Template

- Instructional Goals and Objectives
- Prior Knowledge
- Additional Support for Specific Groups of Learners



"Pedagogy trumps curriculum. Or more precisely, pedagogy *is* curriculum, because what matters is how things are taught, rather than what is taught." (Wilian, 2011)

 Common Core Mathematics in a PLC at Work – Larson, Fennell, Lott Adams, Dixon, McCord Kobett, Wray





## The Standards for Mathematical Practice

**Overarching Habits of Mind** 

MP1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.\* MP6 Attend to precision.

Reasoning & Explaining

MP2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

MP3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.\* Modeling & Using Tools MP4 Model with mathematics.\* MP5 Use appropriate tools strategically. Seeing Structure & Generalizing MP7 Look for and make use of structure. MP8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.



#### LAUSD TEACHING AND LEARNING FRAMEWORK

STANDARD 1: PLANNING AND PREPARATION	STANDARD 2: CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT				
a. Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy	a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport				
1. Knowledge of Content and the Structure of the Discipline	1. Teacher Interaction with Students				
2. Knowledge of Content-Related Pedagogy	2. Student Interactions with One Another				
b. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students	3. Classroom Climate				
1. Awareness of Students' Skills, Knowledge, and Language Proficiency	b. Establishing a Culture for Learning				
2. Knowledge of How Children, Adolescents, and Adults Learn	1. Importance of the Content				
<ol><li>Knowledge of Students' Special Needs</li></ol>	2. Expectations for Learning and Achievement				
<ol><li>Knowledge of Students' Interests and Cultural Heritage</li></ol>	3. Student Ownership of their Work				
c. Establishing Instructional Outcomes	4. Physical Environment				
1. Value, Sequence, Alignment, and Clarity	c. Managing Classroom Procedures				
2. Suitability for Diverse Learners	1. Management of Routines, Procedures, and Transition				
d. Designing Coherent Instruction	2. Management of Materials and Supplies				
1. Standards-Based Learning Activities	<ol><li>Performance of Non-Instructional Duties</li></ol>				
<ol><li>Instructional Materials, Technology, and Resources</li></ol>	4. Management of Parent Leaders, other Volunteers and				
3. Purposeful Instructional Groups	Paraprofessionals				
4. Lesson and Unit Structure	d. Managing Student Behavior				
e. Designing Student Assessment	1. Expectations for Behavior				
<ol> <li>Aligns with Instructional Outcomes</li> </ol>	2. Monitoring and Responding to Student Behavior				
2. Criteria and Standards					
3. Design of Formative Assessments					
<ol> <li>Analysis and Use of Assessment Data for Planning</li> </ol>	1				
STANDARD 5: PROFESSIONAL GROWTH	STANDARD 3: DELIVERY OF INSTRUCTION				
a. Reflecting on Practice	a. Communicating with Students				

# 1. Accurate Reflection 1. Cor 2. Use of Reflection to Inform Future Instruction 2. Dir 3. Selection of Professional Development Based on Reflection and Data 3. Del 4. Implementation of New Learning from Professional Development 3. Del 4. Implementation of New Learning from Professional Development 4. Use b. Participating in a Professional Community b. Using 1. Collaboration with Colleagues 1. Cur 2. Promotes a Culture of Professional Inquiry and Collaboration 2. Dis c. Struct STANDARD 4: ADDITIONAL PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES a. Maintaining Accurate Records 2. Pur 1. Tracks Progress Towards Identified Learning Outcomes 3. Use 2. Tracks Completion of Student Assignments in Support of Student 4. Strip Learning 3. Manages Non-instructional Records 4. Using 4. Submits Records on Time Learning 4. Strip

- 4. Submits Records on Time b. Communicating with Families
- 1. Information About the Instructional Program
- Information About Individual Students
   Engagement of Families in the Instructional Program
- c. Demonstrating Professionalism
- Ethical Conduct and Compliance with School, District, State, and Federal Regulations
- 2. Advocacy/Intervention for Students
- 3. Decision-Making

#### STANDARD 3: DELIVERY OF INSTRUCTION a. Communicating with Students 1. Communicating the Purpose of the Les 2. Directions and Procedures 3. Delivery of Content 4. Use of Academic Language b. Using Questioning and Discu-1. Quality and Purpose of C 2. Discussion Techniques a. c. Structures to Engage Studem. 1. Standards-Based Projects, Act. 2. Purposeful and Productive Instrus. 3. Use of Available Instructional Maten. Resources

- 2. Purposeful and Productive Instru
  3. Use of Available Instructional Mater.
  Resources
  4. Structure and Pacing
  4. Using Assessment in Instruction to Advance Schemming
  2. Assessment Criteria
  2. Monitoring of Student Learning
  3. Feedback to Students
  4. Student Self-Assessment and Monitoring of Progress
- e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness 1. Responds and Adjusts to Meet Student Needs 2. Persistence

Common Core

## Teaching &

**Master Plan** 

Learning Framework

## **Standard 3: Delivery of Instruction**

- b. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques
- 1.Quality and Purpose of Questions
- 2.Discussion Techniques and Student Participation



## Questioning

- Record MP3

   aligned questions
   you will ask
   during each of
   the three phases.
- Effective questions often begin with How, What, & Why.

A question not asked is a door not opened.

- Marilee Goldberg, The Art of the Question





Los Angeles Unified School District



**Master Plan** 

Common Core

Teaching & Learning Framework

### **SDAIE Interactions**



- **English Learner Master Plan** Do I provide many different **opportunities for** students to talk about the lesson concepts?
  - Do I provide many **opportunities for questioning** between students and teacher and among students?
  - Do I plan real-life (authentic) activities that offer opportunities for listening, speaking, reading, and writing?



Create a poster that demonstrates your problem-based learning, including:

- The task
- Three possible solution paths
- A key question for each phase





### Anchor Standards for ELA and Content Literacy

Reading 1: Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textural **evidence** when writing or speaking to **support conclusions** drawn from the text.

Speaking and Listening 1: Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, **building on others' ideas** and **expressing their own clearly and persuasively**.



## **Vertical Articulation**

- Circulate the room with your school team.
- Record new ideas as peers share their posters.
- When you arrive at your grade level poster, present the work to your school team.







# Thank You

"Your goal will be to develop in students both conceptual understanding and procedural fluency of the CCSS content through the collaborative selection of highcognitive-demand mathematical tasks with a focus on engagement with the Standards for Mathematical Practice"

Common Core Mathematics in a PLC at Work

– Larson, Fennell, Lott Adams, Dixon, McCord Kobett, Wray

